1	(d) A photocopy of a certificate or other evidence showing the applicant's
2	qualifications under sub. (3) (h).
3	(e) A full-face photograph of the applicant taken within the 30-day period
4	immediately preceding the date of the applicant's application.
5	(9) PROCESSING OF APPLICATION. (a) Upon receiving an application submitted
6	under sub. (7), a sheriff shall request that the department conduct a background
7	check, as provided under sub. (9g).
8	(b) Subject to pars. (c) and (d), within 30 days after receiving an application
9	under sub. (7), a sheriff shall do one of the following:
10	1. Issue the license and promptly send the licensee his or her license document
11	by 1st class mail.
12	2. Deny the application, but only if the applicant fails to qualify under the
13	criteria specified in sub. (3). If the sheriff denies the application, he or she shall
14	inform the applicant in writing, stating the reason and factual basis for the denial
15	to the extent permitted under federal law.
16	(c) Except as provided in sub. (9r) or (10), a sheriff may not issue a license until
17	7 days, subject to extension under sub. (9g) (b) 3. c., have elapsed from the time that
18	the sheriff has received a confirmation number regarding the background check
19	under sub. (9g) (b) 1. from the department, unless the department has notified the
20	sheriff that the background check does not indicate that the applicant is disqualified
21	for a license under sub. (3) (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i), (im), (j), (k), (L), (m), (n), (o), or (r).
22	(d) The time period specified in par. (b) is tolled during the pendency of any
23	action brought under sub. (10m).
24	(9g) BACKGROUND CHECKS. (a) A sheriff shall request that the department
25	conduct a background check by calling the department, using a toll-free telephone

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1	number provided by the department, and providing the department with the name
2	date of birth, gender, and race of the applicant.
3	(b) Upon receiving a request under par. (a), the department shall conduct a
4	background check using the following procedure:
5	1. The department shall provide the sheriff with a confirmation number
6	confirming the receipt of the information under par (a) associated with
7	2. The department shall conduct the background check regarding an applicant
8	for a license under this section. In conducting a background check under this
9	subdivision, the department shall use the transaction information for management
10	of enforcement system and the national crime information center system.
11	3. The department shall notify the sheriff, either during the initial telephone
12	call or as soon thereafter as practicable, of the results of the background check as
13	follows:)
14	a. If the background check indicates that the applicant does not qualify for a
15	license under sub. (3) (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i), (im), (j), (k), (L), (m), (n), (o), or (r), the
16	department shall provide the sheriff with a unique nonapproval number. The
17	department shall disclose to the sheriff the reason the applicant does not qualify for
18	a license under sub (3) (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i), (im), (j), (k), (L), (m), (n), (o), or (r).
19	b. If the completed background check does not indicate that the applicant is
20	disqualified for a license under sub. (3) (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i), (im), (j), (k), (L), (m),
21	(n), (o), or (r), the department shall provide the sheriff with a unique approval
22	numbers to the property
23	c. If the background check indicates that the applicant was the subject of a
24	relevant criminal charge for which there is no recorded disposition or if, in the case
25	of a misdemeanor delinquency adjudication, the background check does not indicate

how long the resultant dispositional order was in effect, and the 7-day	time period
described in sub. (9) (c) has not yet run, that time period is extended by	by 72 hours
The department shall notify the sheriff of the extension as soon as	practicable
During the extended period, the department shall make all reasonable	le efforts to
obtain the missing information and shall notify the sheriff of the results as soon as practicable.	of its efforts
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(bin) The department shall conduct the background check under par. (b) immediately if, when requesting it under par. (a), the sheriff informs the department that the background check is for an applicant for an emergency license under sub. (9r).

- (c) The department shall charge a sheriff a fee of \$8 for each background check that the sheriff requests under par. (a), except that the department shall waive the fee if, when requesting the background check, the sheriff informs the department that the fee is being waived under sub. (9r) (c). The sheriff shall collect the fee from the applicant unless the fee is waived under sub. (9r) (c).
- (d) A sheriff shall maintain the original record of all completed application forms and a record of all confirmation numbers and corresponding approval or nonapproval numbers that he or she receives regarding background checks under this subsection. The sheriff shall mail a duplicate copy of each completed application form to the department.
- (e) 1. The department shall check each duplicate application form received under par. (d) against the information recorded by the department regarding the corresponding request for a background check under this subsection. If the department previously provided a unique approval number regarding the request and nothing in the duplicate completed application form indicates that the applicant

- 2. The department may maintain records necessary to administer this subsection and, for a period of not more than 3 years after the department issues a unique approval number, a log of dates of requests for background checks under this subsection together with confirmation numbers and unique approval and nonapproval numbers corresponding to those dates.
- (f) The department shall promulgate rules authorizing it to obtain records necessary to determine an applicant's eligibility under sub. (3) (e), (g) 1., (i), (im), and (j) for a license issued under this section. The department may not disclose information that it obtains under rules issued under this paragraph except to a sheriff under par. (b) 3. or sub. (9r) (b) 2. or (11) (d) 3.
- (9r) EMERGENCY LICENSE. (a) Unless the sheriff knows that the person is not qualified for a license under sub. (3) (a) to (g) or (i) to (s), a sheriff may issue a license under this section to an individual who does not satisfy the requirements under sub. (3) (h) without regard for the waiting period under sub. (9) (c) if the sheriff determines that immediate licensure is warranted to protect the individual from death or great bodily harm, as defined in s. 939.22 (14). A sheriff who issues a license under this

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BILL			SECTION 21
	spall consuct	ndrêqûest an immediat	e background check
under sub. (9g	<i>5</i> ).		

- (b) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2. and par. (d), a license issued under par. (a) is valid for 120 days from the date on which it is issued and may not be renewed.
- 2. If the department notifies the sheriff that an individual to whom the sheriff has issued a license under par. (a) does not qualify for a license under sub. (3) (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i), (im), (j), (k), (L), (m), (n), (o), or (r), the sheriff shall revoke the license.
- (c) A sheriff may waive the fees that would otherwise be required under subs. (7) (bd), (bh), (bp), (and (bt) and (9g) (c) for an individual who is applying for a license under par. (a) if requiring the individual to pay the fees would create a hardship for the individual. The department shall promulgate rules specifying the procedures and definitions that the sheriff is required to apply when determining whether an individual is eligible for a waiver of the fees for an emergency license under this section as provided under this paragraph.
- (d) A person who has been issued a license under par. (a) may obtain a license under sub. (2) if he or she meets the qualifications specified under sub. (3) and completes the application process specified in sub. (7). A license issued to a person under par. (a) is void if the person is issued a license under sub. (2).
- (10) EXEMPTION FROM BACKGROUND CHECK. Notwithstanding subs. (9) (a) and AL ALDANTINA (15) (c), a sheriff shall issue or renew a license under this section to any of the following individuals without waiting 7 days or requesting a background check:
  - (a) A law enforcement officer.
  - (b) A correctional officer.
  - (c) A probation, parole, and extended supervision agent.

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1	(d) A person who holds a current certification from the law enforcement
2	standards board under s. 165.85 (3) (c).
3	(10m) Disqualification petition regarding certain misdemeanants. (a) If a
4	sheriff receives an application for a license under this section from a person who has
5	committed a misdemeanor crime of violence and the person is eligible for a license
6	under sub. (3) (m), the sheriff may file a petition under this subsection asking the
7	circuit court to enter an order barring the person from receiving a license. The
8	petition shall allege that the person would pose a substantial risk to others if the
9	person were granted a license under this section.
10	(b) The sheriff shall file any such petition in the circuit court of the sheriff's
11	county, or if applicable, the circuit court of the county of issuance designated under
12	sub. (2) (c). The sheriff may not file the petition more than 30 days after receiving
13	the person's completed application, unless the person was issued a license under sub.
14	(9r). The court shall allow the person 30 days to file an answer to the petition. The
15	court may hold an evidentiary hearing on the petition.
16	(c) If the court determines, by clear and convincing evidence, that the person
17	would pose a substantial risk to others if the person were granted a license under this
18	section, the court shall enter an order prohibiting the person from obtaining a license
19	under this section.
20	(d) If the court denies the sheriff's petition, the court shall award the person
21	costs and reasonable attorney fees.
22	(e) The court shall expedite any proceeding brought under this subsection.
23	(11) LICENSEE INFORMATION. (12) A sheriff who issues licenses to carry a
24	concealed weapon under this section shall, within 5 days after issuing a license,

notify the department that he or she has issued a license under this section and

provide the department with the information specified in sub. (2m) (b)	concerning the
	) Juneous
individual to whom the license was issued.	1

- of all individuals who have been issued a license under this section along with the information concerning each individual that is provided to the department by a sheriff under par. (a). After entering the information that it receives under par. (a), the department may not store, maintain, format, sort, or access the information in any way other than by the name of the licensee or the identification number assigned to the licensee under sub. (2m) (b) §
- (c) 1. The department and any sheriff issuing licenses under this section shall provide information concerning a specific licensee to a law enforcement agency, but only if the law enforcement agency is requesting the information for any of the following purposes:
- a. To confirm that a license produced by an individual at the request of a law enforcement officer is valid.
- b. To confirm that the individual holds a valid license under this section, if the individual is going armed with a concealed weapon but is not carrying his or her license document and claims to hold a valid license issued under this section.
- c. To investigate whether an individual intentionally falsely swore under sub.

  (6) or (15) (b) 2., intentionally violated sub. (12) (a), or intentionally made a false statement to a sheriff in connection with the individual's request for an emergency license under sub. (9r).
- 2. If the department maintains information compiled under this section regarding licensees through the transaction information for the management of enforcement system and a law enforcement officer uses that system in the context

of a vehicle stop that meets the requirements of s. 349.02 (2) (a), the law enforcement officer may only obtain information from that system regarding the licensee's status as a licensee for the purposes listed in subd. 1.

### (d) 1. In this paragraph:

- a. "Clerk" means the clerk of the circuit court or, if it has enacted a law or an ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63, the clerk of the court for a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state, a city, a village, or a town.
- b. "Court automated information systems" means the systems under s. 758.19 (4).
  - 2. The court automated information systems, or the clerk or register in probate, if the information is not contained in or cannot be transmitted by the court automated information systems, shall promptly notify the department of the name of any individual with respect to whom any of the following occurs and the specific reason for the notification:
  - a. The individual is charged with a felony, a misdemeanor crime of violence, a violation of ch. 961, the solicitation, conspiracy, or attempt to commit any violation of ch. 961, a violation of s. 941.20 (1) (b), a violation of sub. (17) (c), (d), or (e), or any other crime that, upon conviction, would disqualify the individual from having a license under this section.
    - b. The individual is charged with a drunk driving offense.
  - c. The individual is found by a court to have committed any offense described in subd. 2. a. or b.
  - d. Prosecution of a felony or a misdemeanor crime of violence for which the individual is charged is suspended under a deferred prosecution agreement.
    - e. The individual is found incompetent under s. 971.14.

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1	f. The individual is found not guilty of any crime by reason of mental disease
2	or mental defect under s. 971.17.
3	g. The individual is involuntarily committed for treatment under s. 51.20 or
4	51.45.
5	h. The individual is found incompetent under ch. 880.
6	i. The individual becomes subject to an injunction described in s. 941.29 (1) (f)
7	or is ordered not to possess a firearm under s. 813.125 (4m).
8	j. A court has prohibited the individual from possessing a dangerous weapon
9	under s. 969.02 (3) (c).
10	3. Upon receiving a notice under subd. 2., the department shall immediately
11	determine if the individual who is the subject of the notice is a licensee, using the list
12	maintained under par. (am). If the department determines that the individual is a
13	licensee, the department shall immediately inform the sheriff of the county that
14	issued the license of the individual's name and the basis for the notice under subd.
15	2.
16	(12) UPDATED INFORMATION. (a) Within 10 days after being charged under
17	federal law or the law of another state with any crime or any drunk driving offense,
18	a licensee shall notify the sheriff of the county that issued his or her license of the
19	charge.
20	(b) No later than 30 days after changing his or her address, a licensee shall
21	inform the sheriff of the county that issued the license of his or her new address. The
22	sheriff shall provide the individual's new address to the department for inclusion in
23	the list under sub. (11) (am).
24	(13) LOST OR DESTROYED LICENSE. No later than 30 days after losing his or her

license document or after his or her license document is destroyed, a licensee shall

	department
i	submit to the sheriff of the county that issued the license a notarized statement that
•	his or her license document has been lost or destroyed. The sheriff shall issue a
:	replacement license document upon receiving the notarized statement and a
:	replacement license fee of \$15.
	(14) LICENSE REVOCATION AND SUSPENSION. (a) A sheriff shall revoke a license
1	that his or her county issued under this section if the licensee no longer meets all of
1	the criteria specified in sub. (3) (b) to (g), (i) to (n), or (p) to (s).
	(am) 1. If any of the following occurs with respect to a licensee, the sheriff of
4	the county that issued the license shall suspend the licensee's license:
	a. The licensee is the subject of a pending civil or criminal case, the disposition
•	of which could require revocation of his or her license under par. (a).
	b. A court has prohibited the licensee from possessing a dangerous weapon
1	under s. 969.02 (3) (c).
	2. If the sheriff suspends a license under subd. 1., he or she shall restore the
]	license if, upon disposition of the case, the person to whom the license was issued
 I	meets all of the criteria specified in sub. (3).
	(b) 1. If a sheriff revokes or suspends a license under this section, the revocation
(	or suspension shall take effect immediately.
	2. A sheriff who suspends or revokes a license issued under this section shall
S	send the individual whose license has been suspended or revoked notice of the
s	suspension or revocation by certified mail within one day after the suspension or
r	revocation. Within 7 days after receiving the notice, the individual whose license has

been suspended or revoked shall deliver the license document personally or by

certified mail to the sheriff.

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(14m) APPEALS. (a) A person aggrieved by any action by a sheriff denying an
application for a license or suspending or revoking a license under this section may
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appeal directly to the circuit court of the sheriff's county or, if applicable, to the circuit
court of the county of issuance designated under sub. (2) (c).

- (b) To begin an appeal under this subsection, the aggrieved person shall file a petition for review with the clerk of the applicable circuit court within 30 days after the date of the sheriff's action or, if applicable, within 30 days after the date of the notice provided to the person under sub. (9) (b) 2. The petition shall state the substance of the sheriff's action that the person is appealing from and the grounds upon which the person believes the sheriff's action to be improper. The petition may include a copy of any records or documents that are relevant to the grounds upon which the person believes the sheriff's action to be improper.
- (c) A copy of the petition shall be served upon the sheriff either personally or by registered or certified mail within 5 days after the person files his or her petition under par. (b).
- (d) The sheriff shall file an answer within 15 days after being served with the petition under par. (c). The answer shall include a brief statement of the actions taken by the sheriff, and a copy of any documents or records on which the sheriff based his or her action shall be included with the answer when filed.
- (e) The court shall review the petition, the answer, and any records or documents submitted with the petition or the answer. The review under this paragraph shall be conducted by the court without a jury and shall be confined to the petition, the answer, and any records or documents submitted with the petition or the answer, except that in cases of alleged irregularities in procedure by the sheriff the court may take testimony that the court determines is appropriate.

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1	(f) The court shall affirm the sheriff's action unless the court finds any of the
2	following:
3	1. That the sheriff failed to follow procedure prescribed under this section.
4	2. That the sheriff erroneously interpreted a provision of law and a correct
5	interpretation compels a different action.
6	3. That the sheriff's action depends on a finding of fact that is not supported
7	by substantial evidence in the record.
8	(g) The court's decision shall provide whatever relief is appropriate regardless
9	of the original form of the petition.
10	(15) LICENSE EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL. (a) Except as provided in sub. (9r) (b)
11	1., a license issued under this section is valid for a period of 5 years from the date on
12	which the license is issued unless the license is suspended or revoked under sub. (9g)
13	(e) 1. or (14).
14	(b) The department shall design a form notice of expiration and shall distribute
15	the form to any sheriff who issues licenses under sub. (2) (a) or (c) for use under this
16	paragraph. At least 90 days before the expiration date of a license issued under this
17	section, the sheriff who issued the license shall mail to the licensee a notice of
18	expiration and a form for renewing the license. The sheriff shall renew the license
19	if, before the date the license expires, the licensee does all of the following:
<b>Ž</b> 0	1. Submits a renewal application on the form provided by the sheriff
21	2. Submits a notarized affidavit swearing under oath that the information
22	provided under subd. 1. is true and complete to the best of his or her knowledge and
23	that he or she is qualified under sub. (3).

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- a. A fee set by the sheriff that does not exceed either the cost to the sheriff of renewing a license issued under this section, including the cost of equipment purchase or rental, or \$75, whichever is less.

  b. The fee for a background check specified in sub. (9g) (e):

  c. A shooting range improvement fee of \$15.

  d. A law enforcement excellence fund fee of \$15.

  (c) The sheriff shall request that the department conduct a background check for an all consee as provided under sub. (9g) before renewing the licensee's license under that the par. (b).
- (d) If an individual whose license has expired does not submit a renewal application under par. (b) before 6 months after the expiration date, the license shall permanently expire. An individual whose license has permanently expired may be issued a new license if he or she applies for a license under sub. (7).
- (15m) Private employer restrictions. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a private employer may prohibit a licensee or an out-of-state licensee that it employs from carrying a concealed weapon or a particular type of concealed weapon in the course of the licensee's or out-of-state licensee's employment or during any part of the licensee's or out-of-state licensee's course of employment.
- (b) A private employer may not prohibit a licensee or an out-of-state licensee, as a condition of employment, from carrying a concealed weapon or a particular type of concealed weapon in the licensee's or out-of-state licensee's own motor vehicle, regardless of whether the motor vehicle is used in the course of employment.
- (16) PROHIBITED ACTIVITY. (a) Neither a licensee nor an out-of-state licensee may knowingly carry a concealed weapon in any of the following places:
  - 1. A place that has been declared a nuisance under ch. 823.

1	2. A police station, sheriff's office, or state patrol station. This subdivision does
2	not prohibit a peace officer who is acting within the scope of his or her employment
3	from carrying a concealed weapon in a police station, sheriff's office, or state patrol
4	station.
5	3. A prison, jail, house of correction, or secured correctional facility.
6	4. A courthouse, except that a judge who is a licensee may carry a concealed
7	weapon in a courthouse in which he or she is presiding in court and may permit in
8	writing any other licensee or out-of-state licensee to carry a concealed weapon in a
9	courthouse in which he or she is presiding in court.
10	5. A place at which a school, college, or professional athletic event is taking
11	place, unless the event is related to firearms and the licensee or out-of-state licensee
12	is a participant in the event.
13	5m. A place at which an organized youth sporting event is taking place.
14	6. A school administration building
15	7. Any premises for which a Class "B" or "Class B" license or permit has been
16	issued under ch. 125, unless one of the following applies:
17	a. The licensee or the out-of-state licensee is a person described in s. 941.237
18	(3) (a), (b), (c), (cm), or (d).
19	b. If the licensee or the out-of-state licensee is carrying a handgun, his or her
20	possession of the handgun is described in s. 941.237 (3) (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), or (j).
21	8. An airport, unless the weapon is encased for shipment as baggage to be
22	transported by aircraft.
23	9. A place in which carrying the weapon is prohibited by federal law.
24	10. A building or part of a building used for religious worship or another
25	religious purpose.

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- 11. A building or part of a building that is used to provide child care services.
- 12. A building or part of a building that is used for a domestic violence victim services program or by an organization that provides a safe haven for victims of domestic violence.
  - 13. A building or part of a building used by a health care facility, as defined in s. 150.84 (2), or by a clinic or office that is used by a physician licensed under ch. 448.
  - 14. A building located on the campus of a private or public university, college, or technical college.
  - 15. A building or part of a building used for instructional purposes by a private or public university, college, or technical college.
  - 16. A kindergarten facility or classroom.
  - (am) Notwithstanding par. (a) 10., 11., 12., and 13., the owner or authorized representative may permit a licensee or out-of-state licensee to carry a concealed weapon in any of the places mentioned in par. (a) 10., 11., 12., or 13.
  - (at) Neither a licensee nor an out-of-state licensee may carry a concealed weapon in a building owned or leased by the state or any political subdivision of the state if the building provides electronic screening for weapons at all public entrances to the building and for the locked storage of weapons on the premises while the licensee or out-of-state licensee is in the building. This paragraph does not apply to:
  - 1. Peace officers or armed forces or military personnel who go armed in the line of duty.
  - 2. A person authorized to carry a weapon in the building by the chief of police of the city, village, or town or the sheriff of the county in which the building is located.

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applies:

1	3. A person authorized to carry a weapon in the building by the chief of the
2	capitol police, if the building is owned or leased by the state.
3	(b) Neither a licensee nor an out-of-state licensee may knowingly carry a
4	handgun in a school zone, as defined in s. 948.605 (1) (c), unless he or she is not in
5	or on the grounds of a school, as defined in s. 948.61 (1) (b), and one of the following
6	applies:
7	1. The individual is in a motor vehicle or on a snowmobile or bicycle.
8	2. The individual has exited a motor vehicle and is encasing the handgun or
9	storing it in the motor vehicle.
10	3. The individual is traveling directly to any person's private property from his
11	or her place of employment or business, from any person's private property, or from
12	a place outside of the school zone.
13	4. The individual is traveling directly to his or her place of employment or
14	business from another place of his or her employment or business, from any person's
15	private property, or from a place outside of the school zone.
16	5. The individual is traveling directly to a place outside of the school zone from
17	another place outside of the school zone, from any individual's private property, or
18	from his or her place of employment or business.
19	6. The individual's possession of the handgun is described in s. 948.605 (2) (b).
20	(c) Neither a licensee nor an out-of-state licensee may carry a weapon other
21	than a handgun on school premises, as defined in s. 948.61 (1) (c), unless he or she

is a person described in or a person whose conduct is described in s. 948.61 (3).

a. The person's alcohol concentration exceeds 0.08.

(cm) 1. A person may not carry a concealed weapon if any of the following

- b. The person is under the influence of an intoxicant to a degree which materially impairs his or her ability to handle the weapon.
- 2. A person may be charged with and a prosecutor may proceed upon a complaint based upon a violation of subd. 1. a. or b. or both for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence. If the person is charged with violating both subd. 1. a. and b., the offenses shall be joined. Subdivision 1. a. and b. each requires proof of a fact for conviction which the other does not require.
  - (d) This subsection does not apply to a peace officer, as defined in s. 939.22 (22).
- (17) PENALTIES. (a) Any person who violates sub. (2g) (b) or (c) may be required to forfeit not more than \$25.
- (b) Any person who violates sub. (2k) (e) or (16) may be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 90 days or both.
- (c) Any person who intentionally falsely swears under sub. (6) or (15) (b) 2. or who intentionally makes a false statement to a sheriff in requesting or in connection with the issuance of an emergency license under sub. (9r) shall be fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$10,000 and may be imprisoned for not more than 9 months.
- (d) Any person who intentionally violates sub. (12) (a) shall be fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$10,000 and may be imprisoned for not more than 9 months.
- (e) Any person required under sub. (14) (b) 2. to relinquish or deliver a license document to a sheriff who intentionally violates the requirements of that subdivision shall be fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$10,000 and may be imprisoned for not more than 9 months.
- (18) ACCESS TO RECORDS. Records created or kept under this section by the department or a sheriff, other than reports created under sub. (19) or records created under sub. (20), are not subject to access under s. 19.35.

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(19) STATISTICAL REPORT. (a) By February 1 of each year, a sheriff who is issuing or renewing licenses under this section shall submit a statistical report to the department indicating the number of licenses applied for, issued, denied, suspended, and revoked under this section during the previous calendar year. For the licenses denied, the report shall indicate the reasons for the denials and the part of the application process during which the reasons for denial were discovered. For the licenses suspended or revoked, the report shall indicate the reasons for the suspensions and revocations.

- (b) By March 1 of each year, the department shall submit a statistical report to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2) and to the governor that is compiled from the reports submitted under par. (a) and that indicates the number of licenses applied for, issued, denied, suspended, and revoked under this section during the previous calendar year. For the licenses denied, the report shall indicate the reasons for the denials and the part of the application process in which the reasons for denial were discovered. For the licenses suspended or revoked, the report shall indicate the reasons for the suspensions and revocations.
- (20) LAW ENFORCEMENT EXCELLENCE FUND. (a) If a county's sheriff issues licenses under sub. (2) (a) or is party to an agreement under sub. (2) (c), the county board shall establish a law enforcement excellence fund. All money received by a sheriff from payments made under subs. (7) (bt) and (15) (b) 4. d. shall be deposited in accordance with s. 59.25 (3) (u) 4. in the law enforcement excellence fund established under this subsection.
- (b) A law enforcement excellence fund established under this subsection shall be used to improve law enforcement services in the county and may not be used to supplant or replace other funds otherwise available to the sheriff.

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- (20m) Grants for shooting ranges. (a) Using the fees collected under sub. (7) (bp) and (15) (b) 4. c., a sheriff issuing licenses under this section shall award grants to persons for construction or improvement of shooting ranges.
- (b) A grant awarded under this subsection may be for up to 50 percent of the cost of the construction or improvement of the shooting range. A grant awarded under this subsection may not be used to pay for any of the following:
- 1. The construction of clubhouses and facilities that are not essential to the operation of the shooting range.
  - 2. The operation and maintenance of the shooting range.
- (c) In order to receive a grant under this subsection, the person creating or improving a shooting range shall agree to provide, for a fee of not more than \$20, a firearm safety course or class that will qualify an individual to satisfy the requirements under sub. (3) (h) for a license to carry a concealed weapon.
- (d) In determining whether to make a grant under this subsection to a particular applicant, the sheriff shall consider the potential of the project to meet the needs of firearm safety courses or classes that meet the requirements under sub. (4m) in the area served by the shooting range relative to the proposed cost of the construction or improvement.
- (21) IMMUNITY. (a) The department and its employees, sheriffs and their employees, clerks, as defined in sub. (11) (d) 1. a., and their staff, court automated information systems, as defined under sub. (11) (d) 1. b., and its employees, and counties and their employees are immune from liability arising from any act or omission under this section, if done in good faith.

(b) A person providing a firearm safety or firearm training course or class in
good faith is immune from liability arising from any act or omission related to the
course or class if the course or class is one described in sub. (3) (h).

- (c) A business or a nonprofit organization that permits a person to carry a concealed weapon on property that it owns or occupies is immune from any liability arising from its decision to do so, if done in good faith.
- (d) An employer that permits any of its employees to carry a concealed weapon under sub. (15m) is immune from any liability arising from its decision to do so, if done in good faith.

**SECTION 22.** 440.26 (3m) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.26 (3m) Rules concerning dangerous weapons. The department shall promulgate rules relating to the carrying of dangerous weapons by a person who holds a license or permit issued under this section or who is employed by a person licensed under this section. The rules shall allow the person to go armed with a concealed weapon as permitted under s. 175.50 if the person is licensed under that section and shall meet the minimum requirements specified in 15 USC 5902 (b).

**SECTION 23.** 813.12 (6) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

813.12 (6) (am) 1. If an injunction is issued or extended under sub. (4) or if a tribal injunction is filed under s. 806.247 (3), the clerk of the circuit court shall notify the department of justice of the injunction and shall provide the department of justice with information concerning the period during which the injunction is in effect and information necessary to identify the respondent for purposes of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s. 175.50 (9g) (b).

1	813.12 (6) (am) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., the department of justice may
2	disclose information that it receives under subd. 1. only as part of a firearms
3	restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s.
4	175.50 (9g) (b) or to a sheriff under s. 175.50 (9g) (b) 3. a. or c. or (e) 1., (9r) (b) 2., or
5 (	(11) (d) 3.
6	SECTION 25. 813.122 (9) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
7	813.122 (9) (am) 1. If an injunction is issued or extended under sub. (5), the
8	clerk of the circuit court shall notify the department of justice of the injunction and
9	shall provide the department of justice with information concerning the period
10	during which the injunction is in effect and information necessary to identify the
11	respondent for purposes of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g)
12	(c) or a background check under s. 175.50 (9g) (b).
13	SECTION 26. 813.122 (9) (am) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
14	813.122 (9) (am) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., the department of justice
15	may disclose information that it receives under subd. 1. only as part of a firearms

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**Section 27.** 813.125 (5r) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.125 (5r) (a) If an order prohibiting a respondent from possessing a firearm is issued under sub. (4m), the clerk of the circuit court shall notify the department of justice of the existence of the order prohibiting a respondent from possessing a firearm and shall provide the department of justice with information concerning the period during which the order is in effect and information necessary to identify the

restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s.

175.50 (9g) (b) or to a sheriff under s. 175.50 (9g) (b) 3. a. or c. or (e) 1., (9r) (b) 2., or

1	respondent for purposes of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g)
9	(c) or a background check under s. 175.50 (9g) (b)

**SECTION 28.** 813.125 (5r) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.125 (5r) (b) Except as provided in par. (c), the department of justice may disclose information that it receives under par. (a) only as part of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s. 175.50 (9g) (b) or to a sheriff under s. 175.50 (9g) (b) 3. a. or c. or (e) 1., (9r) (b) 2., or

(11) (d) 3.

**SECTION 29.** 885.235 (1g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

885.235 (1g) (intro.) In any action or proceeding in which it is material to prove that a person was under the influence of an intoxicant or had a prohibited alcohol concentration or a specified alcohol concentration while operating or driving a motor vehicle or, if the vehicle is a commercial motor vehicle, on duty time, while operating a motorboat, except a sailboat operating under sail alone, while operating a snowmobile, while operating an all-terrain vehicle, while going armed with a concealed weapon, or while handling a firearm, evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's blood at the time in question, as shown by chemical analysis of a sample of the person's blood or urine or evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's breath, is admissible on the issue of whether he or she was under the influence of an intoxicant or had a prohibited alcohol concentration or a specified alcohol concentration if the sample was taken within 3 hours after the event to be proved. The chemical analysis shall be given effect as follows without requiring any expert testimony as to its effect:

**SECTION 30.** 885.235 (1g) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

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885.235 (1g) (e) In a case brought under s. 175.50 (16) (cm) 1. a. or b., the fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 but less than 0.08 is relevant evidence on the issue of whether the person was intoxicated or had an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more but is not to be given any prima facie effect. In a case brought under s. 175.50 (16) (cm) 1. a., the fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more is prima facie evidence that he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.

**SECTION 31.** 938.396 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.396 (8) Notwithstanding sub. (2), if a juvenile is adjudged delinquent for an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult, the court clerk shall notify the department of justice of that fact. No other information from the juvenile's court records may be disclosed to the department of justice except by order of the court. The department of justice may disclose any information provided under this subsection only as part of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s. 175.50 (9g) (b) or to a sheriff under s. 175.50 (9g)

**SECTION 32.** 938.396 (8m) of the statutes is created to read:

(b) 3. a. or c. or (e) 1., (9r) (b) 2., or (11) (d) 3.

938.396 (8m) (a) Notwithstanding sub. (2), if a juvenile is adjudged delinquent for an act that would be a misdemeanor crime of violence, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (e), if committed by an adult, the court clerk shall notify the department of justice of that fact. Except as provided in par. (b), no other information from the juvenile's court records may be disclosed to the department of justice except by order of the court.

(b) If an applicant for a license to carry a concealed weapon under s. 175.50 was adjudicated delinquent as a juvenile in a case covered by par. (a), the department of

justice may request permission to review court records relating to the case for the
purpose of determining whether the applicant meets the requirement under s.
175.50 (3) (m). Upon receiving such a request, the court shall open for inspection by
authorized representatives of the department of justice the records of the court
relating to that case.
(c) The department of justice may disclose information provided or obtained
under this subsection only as part of a background check under s. 175.50 (9g) (b) or
to a sheriff under s. 175.50 (9g) (b) 3. a. or c. or (e) 1., (9r) (b) 2., or (11) (d) 3.
SECTION 33. 941.20 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
941.20 (1) (a) Endangers another's safety by the negligent operation or
handling of a dangerous weapon; or.
SECTION 34. 941.20 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
941.20 (1) (b) Operates or goes armed with a firearm while he or she is under
the influence of an intoxicant <del>; or</del> .
SECTION 35. 941.20 (1) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
941.20 (1) (bm) Goes armed with a firearm while he or she is under the
influence of an intoxicant. This paragraph does not apply to a licensee, as defined
in s. $175.50(1)(d)$ , or an out-of-state licensee, as defined in s. $175.50(1)(g)$ , who goes
armed with a concealed handgun, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (bm), while he or she is
under the influence of an intoxicant or while he or she has an alcohol concentration,
as defined in s. 340.01 (1v), that exceeds 0.08.
SECTION 36. 941.23 of the statutes is renumbered 941.23 (1) (intro.) and
amended to read:

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1	941.23 (1) (intro.) Any person except a peace officer, other than one of the
2	following, who goes armed with a concealed and dangerous weapon is guilty of a
3	Class A misdemeanor.
4	Section 37. 941.23 (1) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
5	941.23 (1) (a) A peace officer.
6	SECTION 38. 941.23 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
7	941.23 (1) (b) An individual holding a valid license under s. 175.50 or
8	authorized under the law of another state to go armed with a concealed weapon in
9	that state, if the dangerous weapon is a weapon, as defined under s. 175.50 (1) (j).
10	SECTION 39. 941.23 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
11	941.23 (1) (c) An individual who goes armed with a concealed and dangerous
12	weapon, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (j), in his or her own dwelling or place of business
13	or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies, unless he or she is
14	prohibited under federal or state law from possessing that weapon.
15	Section 40. 941.23 (2) of the statutes is created to read:
16	941.23 (2) An individual formerly licensed under s. 175.50 whose license has
17	been suspended or revoked under s. 175.50 (14) may not assert his or her refusal to
18	accept or failure to receive a notice of revocation or suspension mailed under s. 175.50
19	$\left(14\right)\left(b\right)$ 2. as a defense to prosecution under sub. (1), regardless of whether the person
20	has complied with s. 175.50 (12).
21	<b>Section 41.</b> 941.235 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 941.235 (2) (intro.) and
22	amended to read:
23	941.235 (2) (intro.) This section does not apply to peace any of the following:
24	(a) Peace officers or armed forces or military personnel who go armed in the line
25	of duty <del>or to any.</del>

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1	(b) A person duly authorized by the chief of police of any city, village or town,
2	the chief of the capitol police or the sheriff of any county to possess a firearm in any
3	building under sub. (1).
4	SECTION 42. 941.235 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
5	941.235 (2) (c) An individual holding a valid license under s. 175.50 or
6	authorized under the law of another state to go armed with a concealed weapon, as
7	defined in s. 175.50 (1) (j), if the firearm is a handgun, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (bm).
8	SECTION 43. 941.237 (3) (ct) of the statutes is created to read:
9	941.237 (3) (ct) An individual holding a valid license under s. 175.50 or
10	authorized under the law of another state to go armed with a concealed weapon in
11	that state.
12	SECTION 44. 941.295 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	941.295 (2) (d) Any manufacturer or seller whose of electric weapons are used
14	in this state solely by persons, unless the manufacturer or seller engages in the
15	conduct described in sub. (1) with the intent to provide an electric weapon to someone
16	other than a person specified in pars. (a) to (c) or sub. (2g) (a) or to a person for use
17	in his or her dwelling or place of business or on land that he or she owns, leases, or
18	<u>legally occupies</u> .
19	SECTION 45. 941.295 (2g) of the statutes is created to read:
20	941.295 (2g) The prohibition in sub. (1) on possessing or going armed with an
21	electric weapon does not apply to any of the following:
22	(a) An individual holding a valid license under s. 175.50 or authorized under
23	the law of another state to go armed with a concealed weapon in that state.
24	(b) An individual who goes armed with an electric weapon in his or her own

dwelling or place of business or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally

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1	occupies, unless he or she is prohibited under federal or state law from possessing
2	that weapon.
5	SECTION 46. 941.295 (2r) of the statutes is created to read:
4	941.295 (2r) The prohibition in sub. (1) on transporting an electric weapon does
5	not apply to any of the following:
6	(a) An individual holding a valid license under s. 175.50 or authorized under
7	the law of another state to go armed with a concealed weapon in that state.
8	(b) An individual who transports an electric weapon from any of the following
ξ	places to any of the following places:
10	1. His or her dwelling.
11	2. His or her own place of business.
12	3. Land that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies.
13	SECTION 47. 943.13 (1e) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
14	943.13 (1e) (bm) "Licensee" means a licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), or
15	an out-of-state licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (g).
16	SECTION 48. 943.13 (1e) (g) of the statutes is created to read:
17	943.13 (1e) (g) "Weapon" has the meaning given in s. 175.50 (1) (j).
18	SECTION 49. 943.13 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	943.13 (1m) (b) Enters or remains on any land of another after having been
20	notified by the owner or occupant not to enter or remain on the premises. This
21	paragraph does not apply to a licensee if the owner's or occupant's intent is to prevent
22	the licensee from going armed with a concealed weapon on the owner's or occupant's
23	land.
24	<b>Section 50.</b> 943.13 (1m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

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943.13 (1m) (c) 1. While going armed with a concealed weapon, enters or remains at a residence that the person does not own or occupy after the owner of the residence, if he or she has not leased it to another person, or the occupant of the residence has notified the actor not to enter or remain at the residence while going armed with a concealed weapon or with that type of concealed weapon. In this subdivision, "residence," with respect to a single–family residence, includes all of the premises, and "residence," with respect to a residence that is not a single–family residence, does not include any common area of the building in which the residence is located.

- 2. While going armed with a concealed weapon, enters or remains in any part of a nonresidential building that the person does not own or occupy after the owner of the building, if he or she has not leased it to another person, or the occupant of the building has notified the actor not to enter or remain in the building while going armed with a concealed weapon or with that type of concealed weapon. This subdivision does not apply to a part of a building occupied by the state or one of its political subdivisions or to any part of a building used for parking.
- SECTION 51. 943.13 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 943.13 (2) (am), and 943.13 (2) (am) (intro.) and 1., as renumbered, are amended to read:
- 943.13 (2) (am) (intro.) A person has received notice from the owner or occupant within the meaning of sub. (1m) (b), (e) or (f) if he or she has been notified personally, either orally or in writing, or if the land is posted. Land is considered to be posted under this subsection paragraph under either of the following procedures:
- 1. If a sign at least 11 inches square is placed in at least 2 conspicuous places for every 40 acres to be protected. The sign must carry an appropriate notice and the name of the person giving the notice followed by the word "owner" if the person giving

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the notice is the holder of legal title to the land and by the word "occupant" if the person giving the notice is not the holder of legal title but is a lawful occupant of the land. Proof that appropriate signs as provided in this paragraph subdivision were erected or in existence upon the premises to be protected prior to the event complained of shall be prima facie proof that the premises to be protected were posted as provided in this paragraph subdivision.

**Section 52.** 943.13 (2) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

- 943.13 (2) (bm) 1. In this paragraph, "sign" means a sign that states a restriction imposed under subd. 2. that is at least 8.5 inches by 11 inches 59 vacc
- 2. For the purposes of sub. (1m) (c) 2., an owner or occupant of a part of a nonresidential building has notified an individual not to enter or remain in that part of the nonresidential building while going armed with a concealed weapon or with a particular type of concealed weapon if the owner or occupant has done all of the following:
- a. Posted a sign that is located in a prominent place near the primary entrance to the part of the nonresidential building to which the restriction applies.
  - b. Personally and orally notified the individual of the restriction.

**SECTION 53.** 943.13 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

943.13 (3) Whoever erects on the land of another signs which are the same as or similar to those described in sub. (2) (am) without obtaining the express consent of the lawful occupant of or holder of legal title to such land is subject to a Class C forfeiture.

**SECTION 54.** 946.32 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

946.32 (3) This section does not apply to offenses that may be prosecuted under s. 175.50 (17) (c).

<b>SECTION 55.</b> 948.605 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to	read:
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948.605 (2) (c) Paragraph (a) does not apply to the possession of a handgun, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (bm), by an individual holding a valid license under s. 175.50 or authorized under the law of another state to go armed with a concealed handgun who is going armed with a concealed handgun as permitted under s. 175.50.

**Section 56.** 948.61 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:

948.61 (3m) This section does not apply to the possession of a weapon, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (j), other than a handgun, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (bm), by an individual holding a valid license under s. 175.50 or authorized under the law of another state to go armed with a concealed weapon who is going armed with a concealed weapon as permitted under s. 175.50.

#### SECTION 57. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) Using the procedure under section 227.24 of the statutes, the department of justice shall promulgate rules required under sections 165.25 (11) (a) and 175.35 (2g) (c) 3. of the statutes and under section 175.50 (9g) (f) of the statutes, as created by this act, for the period before the effective date of the permanent rules promulgated under those sections, but not to exceed the period authorized under section 227.24 (1) (c) and (2) of the statutes. Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3) of the statutes, the department is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this subsection as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of an emergency for a rule promulgated under this subsection.

SECTION 58. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the first day of the 5th month beginning after publication, except as follows:

MGD&CMH:wj:rs SECTION 58

(1) The treatment of sections 165.25 (11) (a) and 175.50 (2) (b), (2m), and (5) of 1 the statutes and Section 57 (1) of this act take effect on the day after publication. 2

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(END)

# STATE OF WISCONSIN – **LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU** – LEGAL SECTION (608–266–3561)

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5)	limit restriction in airport - "secure zone" only
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## STATE OF WISCONSIN – LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU – LEGAL SECTION (608–266–3561)

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